



TGH

Making Integrations Simpler

boomi
Partner



Consume Salesforce API Using the REST Client Connector

Author

Sourav Karmakar



Consume Salesforce API Using the REST Client Connector

What is Rest?

→ Rest stands for *representational state transfer*.

An API, or *application programming interface*, is a set of rules that define how applications or devices can connect to and communicate with each other. A REST API is an API that conforms to the design principles of the REST, or *representational state transfer* architectural style. For this reason, REST APIs are sometimes referred to as RESTful APIs.

Rest Principles

→ Rest APIs are following six REST design principles

1. **Uniform interface**
2. **Client-server architecture**
3. **Statelessness**
4. **Cacheability**
5. **Layered system architecture**
6. **Code on demand (optional)**

Consume Rest API in Boomi

→ To consume Rest API, we have 2 connectors in Boomi.

1. HTTP Client Connector
2. Rest Client Connector

Rest Client Connector

→ The REST Client connector provides the flexibility to connect to any RESTful API service, extract the data, and use it in your process. The connector is generic and is not tailored to any specific REST data source. By being generic, the connector provides a standard way to connect to any RESTful API endpoint service and use the information from the service-specific API, rather than requiring the use of a specific branded connector.

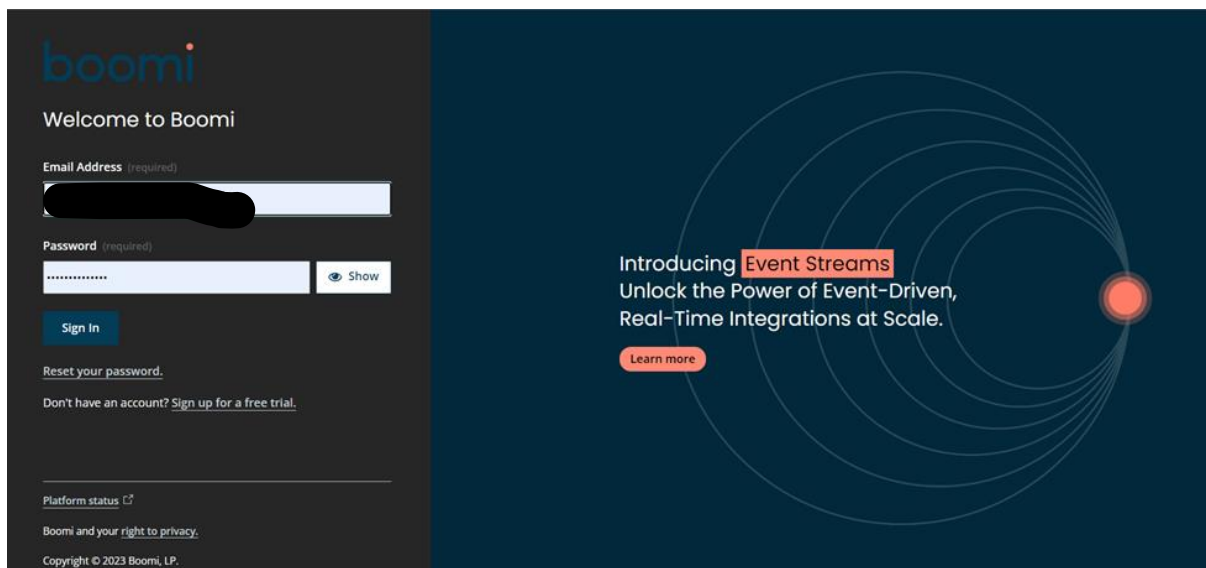
To configure a connector to communicate with an HTTP-enabled server, set up two components:

- REST Client connection
- REST Client operation

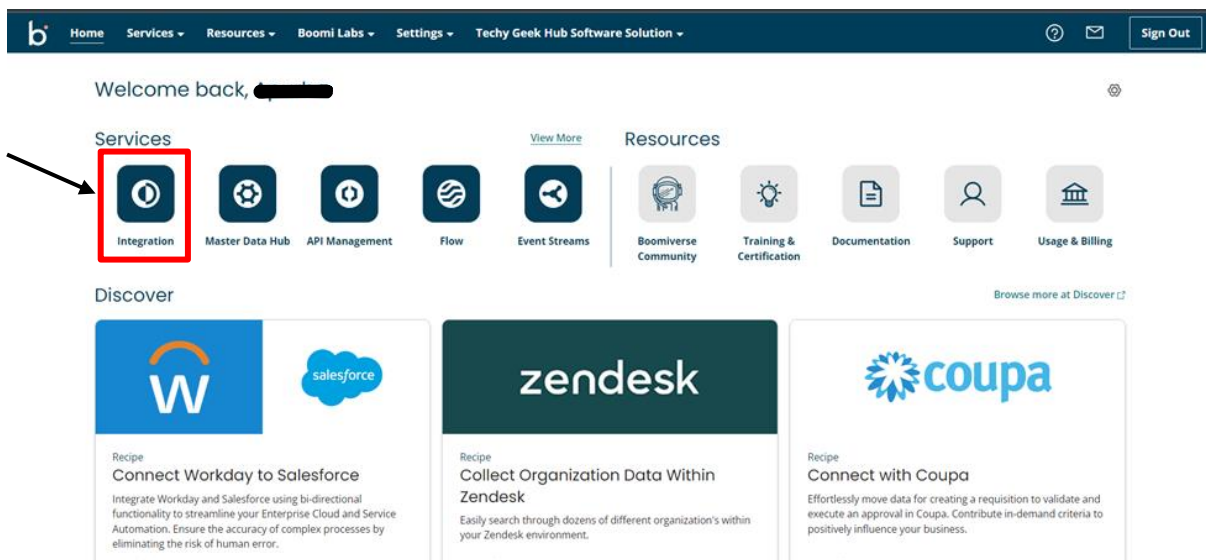
Now go to the Boomi Atomsphere Platform to start integrating Salesforce with Boomi Using Rest Client Connector.

Step 1: Go to platform.boomi.com

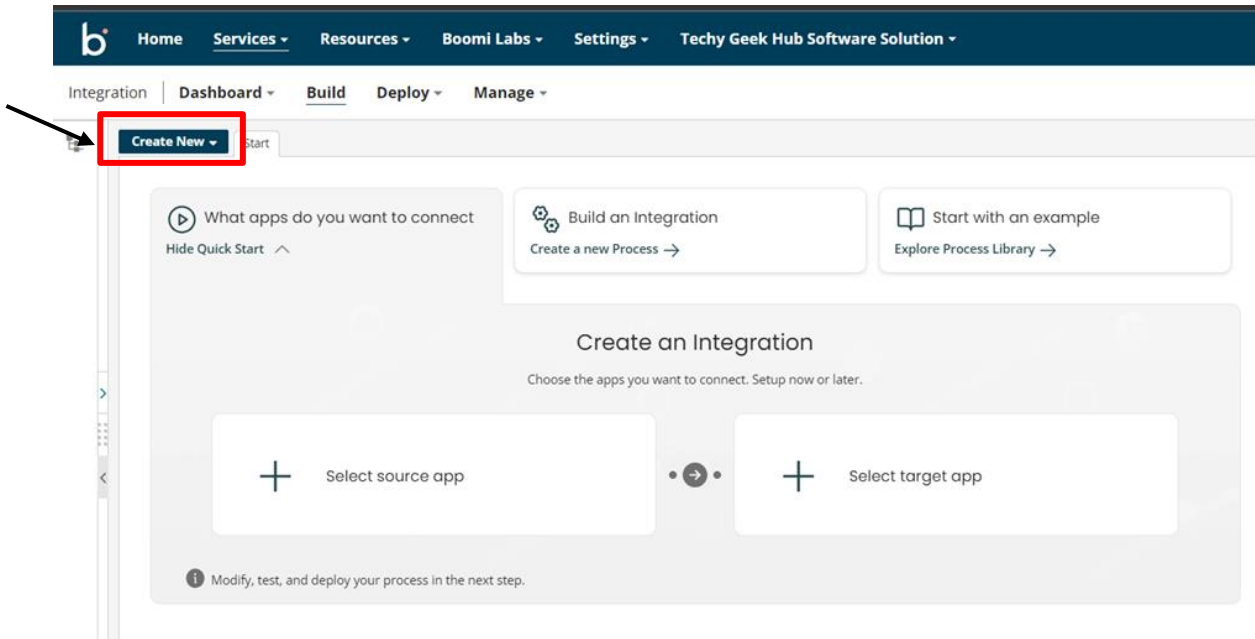
Use Email Address and Password to log into the Boomi platform



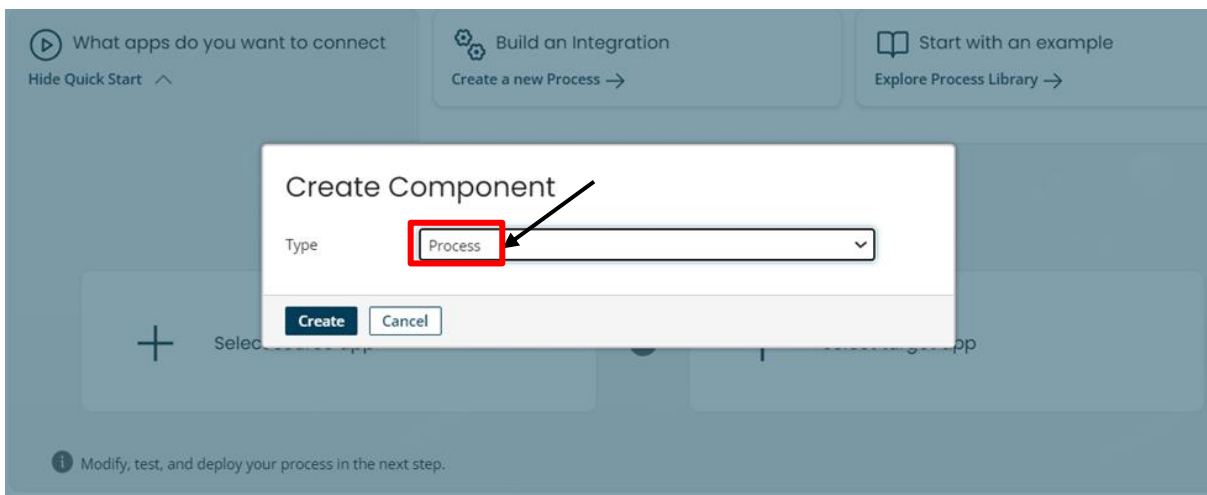
Step 2: Click on Integration



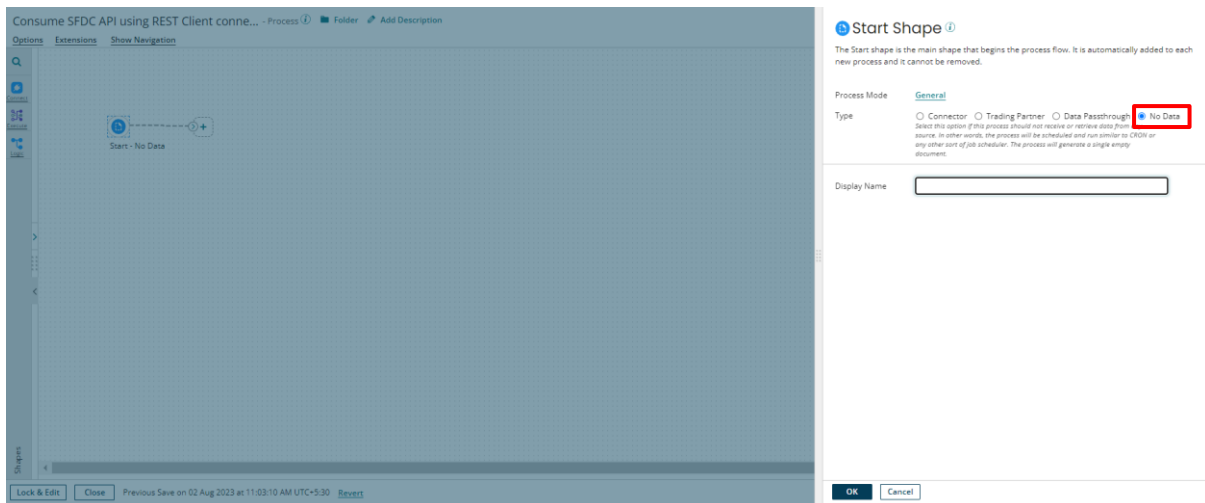
Step 3: Click on Create New



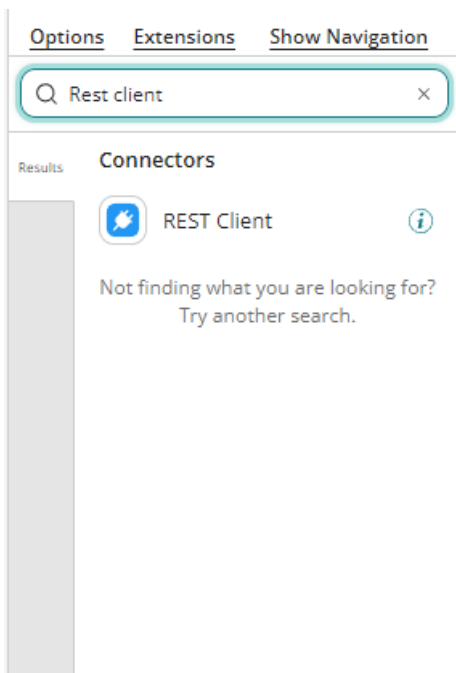
Step 4: Create a Process Component



Step 5: Configure Start Shape with No Data type

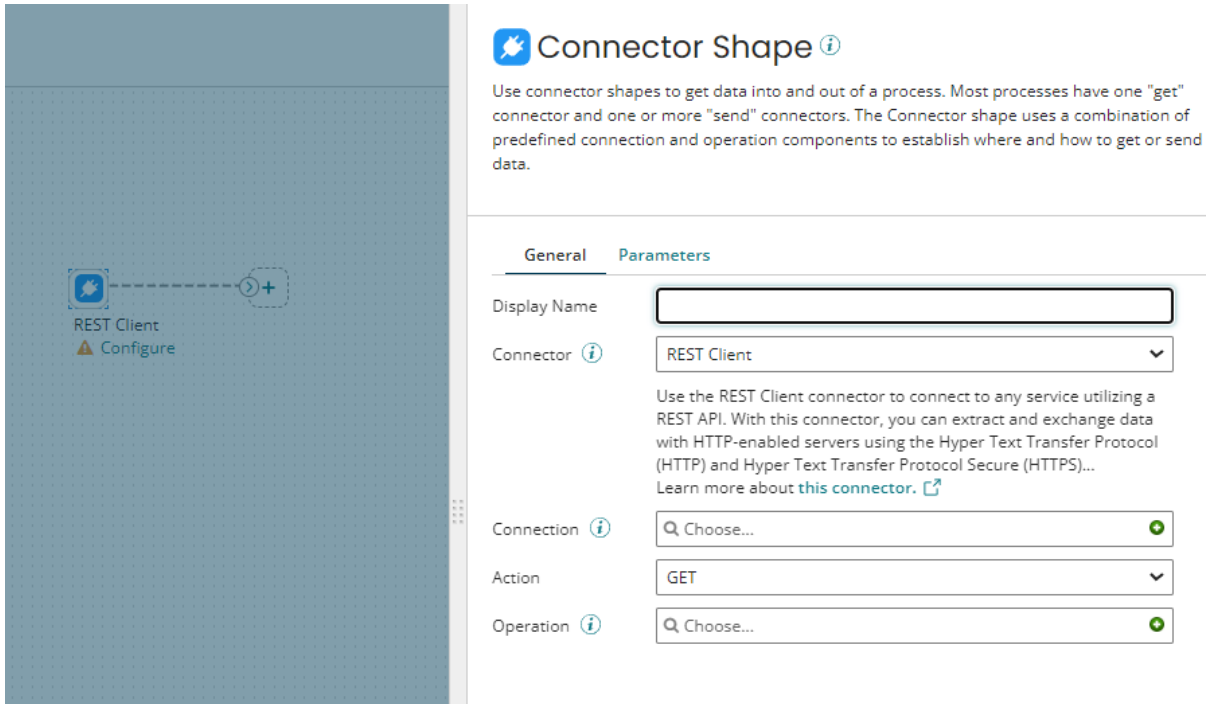


Step 6: Search Rest Client in the Shape palette



Drag and drop the Rest Client Connector in the process canvas.

Step 7: Drag and drop the Rest Client Connector



Connector Shape ⓘ

Use connector shapes to get data into and out of a process. Most processes have one "get" connector and one or more "send" connectors. The Connector shape uses a combination of predefined connection and operation components to establish where and how to get or send data.

General **Parameters**

Display Name

Connector ⓘ REST Client ▼

Use the REST Client connector to connect to any service utilizing a REST API. With this connector, you can extract and exchange data with HTTP-enabled servers using the Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP) and Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS)...
Learn more about [this connector](#). ↗

Connection ⓘ Ⓞ

Action GET ▼

Operation ⓘ Ⓞ

REST Client ▼

Use the REST Client connector to connect to any service utilizing a REST API. With this connector, you can extract and exchange data with HTTP-enabled servers using the Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP) and Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS)...
Learn more about [this connector](#). ↗

Ⓞ

GET ▼

- GET
- HEAD
- POST
- DELETE
- PUT
- PATCH
- OPTIONS
- TRACE

REST Client Connector Actions

GET — Retrieve information about an existing resource from the server.

POST — Request that a web server accept the data enclosed in the body of the request message.

PUT — Replace the resource at the current URL on the server with the resource contained within the request.

DELETE — Delete an existing resource from the server.

HEAD — Retrieve header information about an existing resource from the server, and not the actual resource itself.

OPTIONS — Retrieve information about the communication options available for an existing resource from the server.

PATCH — Update and make partial changes to an existing resource without replacing the original version of the resource.

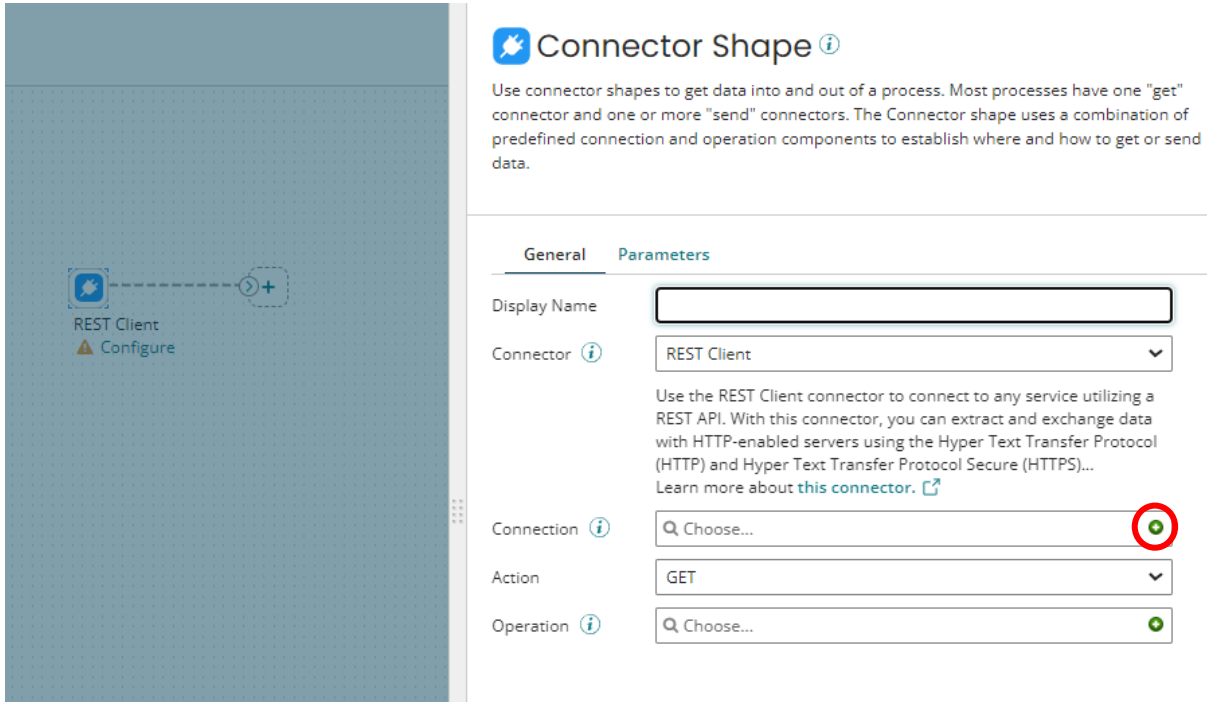
TRACE — Perform a message loop-back test along the path to the target resource.

©[TGH Software Solutions Pvt. Ltd.](#)

No part of this document may be copied, reproduced, republished, uploaded, posted, publicly displayed, encoded, translated, transmitted or distributed in any way to any other computer, server, website or other medium for publication or distribution, without TGH's prior written consent



Step 8: Create a Connection Component



Connector Shape ⓘ

Use connector shapes to get data into and out of a process. Most processes have one "get" connector and one or more "send" connectors. The Connector shape uses a combination of predefined connection and operation components to establish where and how to get or send data.

General **Parameters**

Display Name

Connector ⓘ REST Client

Use the REST Client connector to connect to any service utilizing a REST API. With this connector, you can extract and exchange data with HTTP-enabled servers using the Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP) and Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS)...
Learn more about [this connector](#). ⓘ

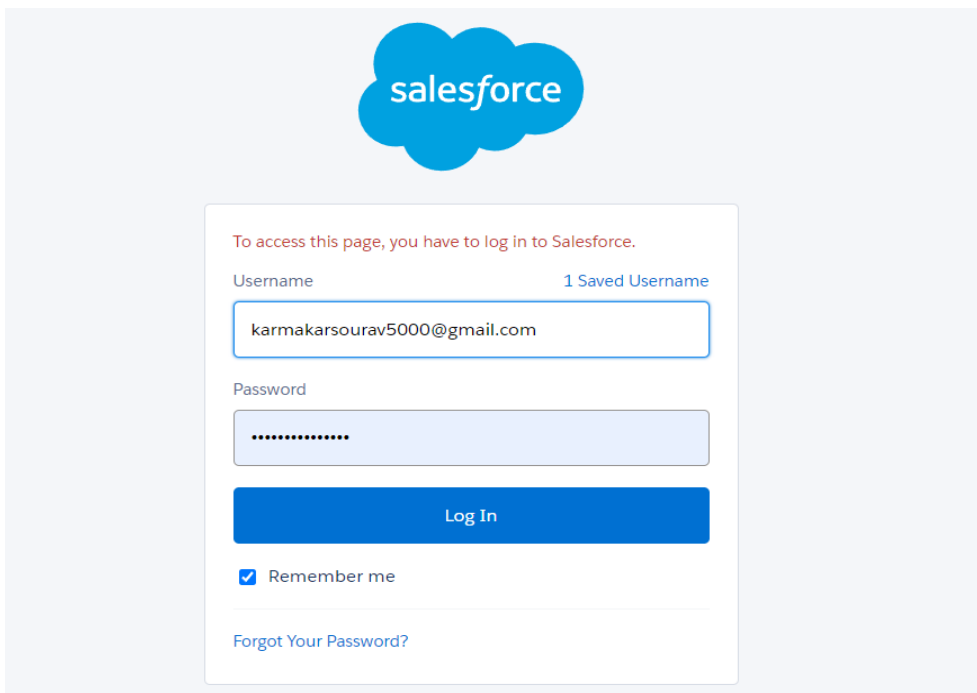
Connection ⓘ ⓘ


Action GET

Operation ⓘ ⓘ

To establish a connection with Salesforce APIs we need to know about Salesforce

Step 9: Log in to Salesforce <https://login.salesforce.com>





To access this page, you have to log in to Salesforce.

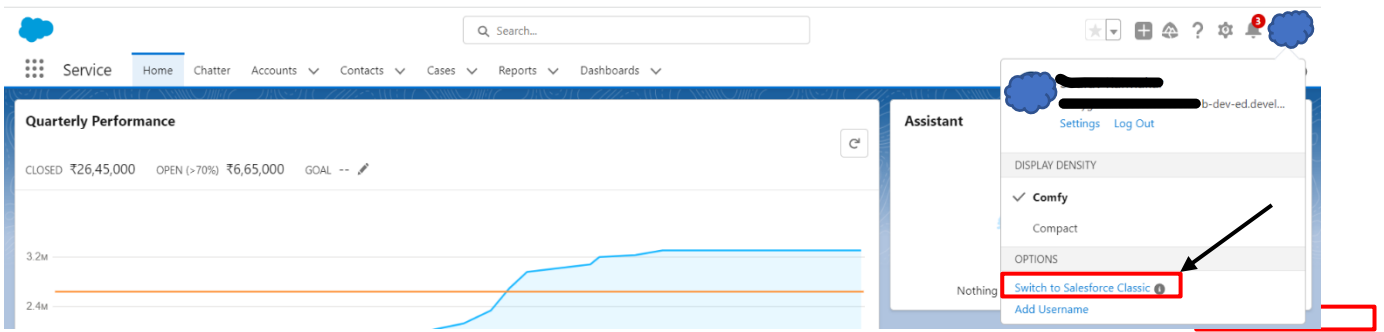
Username 1 Saved Username

Password

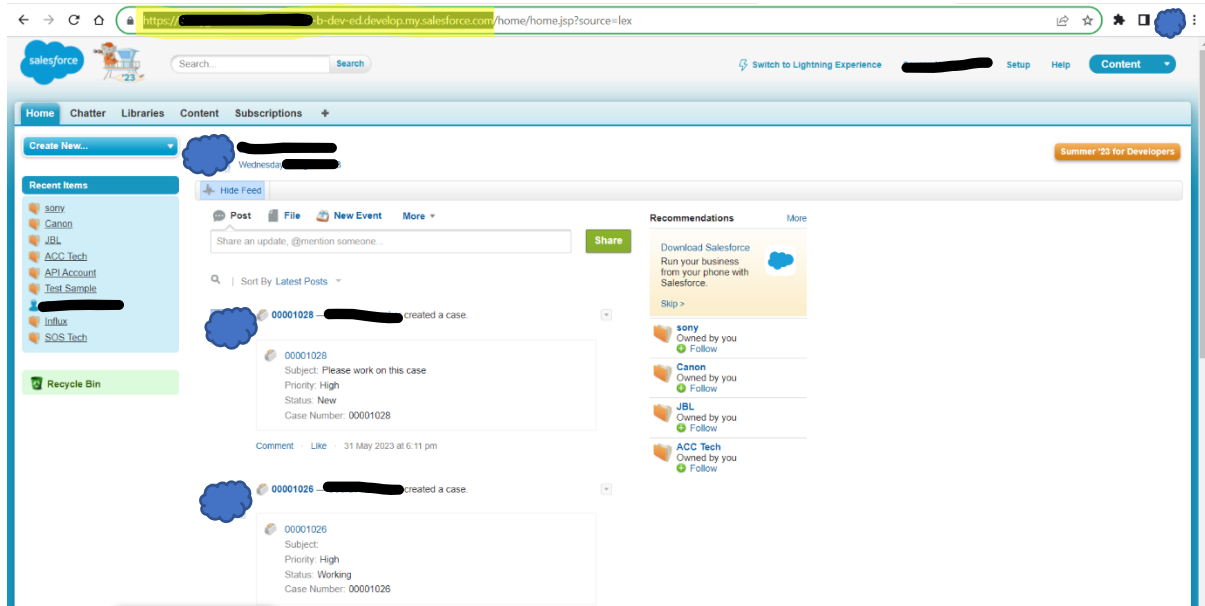
Remember me

[Forgot Your Password?](#)

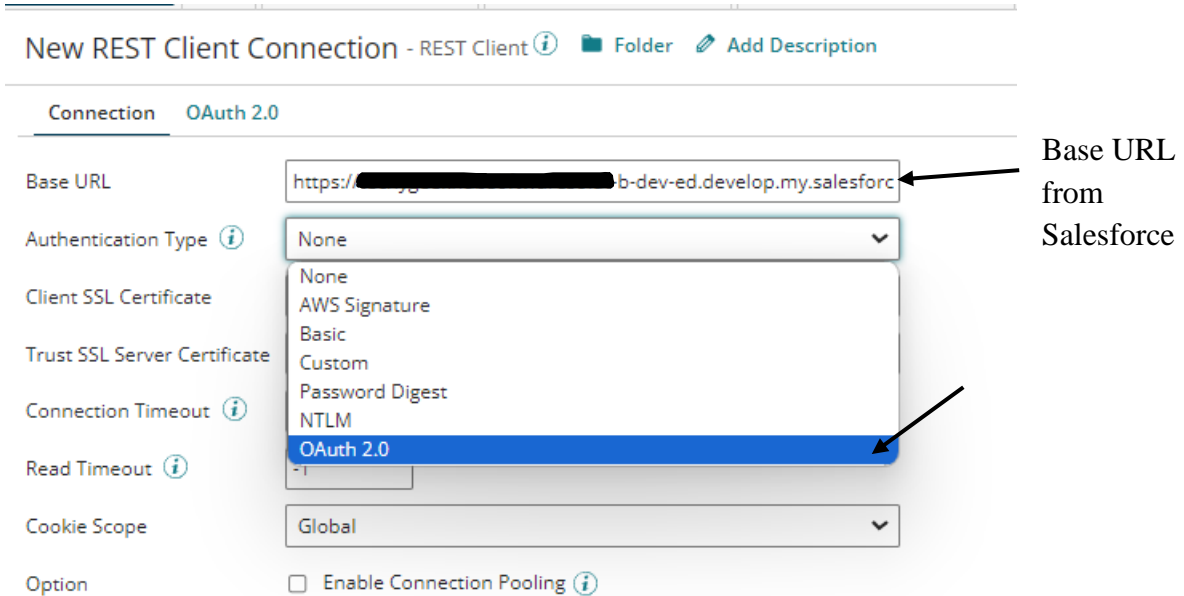
Step 10: Click Switch to Salesforce Classic



Step 11: Copy the Base URL of Salesforce



Step 12: Paste the Base URL in the Connection Component Base URL box and select the Authentication Type OAuth 2.0



New REST Client Connection - REST Client ⓘ Folder Add Description

Connection **OAuth 2.0**

Base URL

Authentication Type ⓘ

Client SSL Certificate

Trust SSL Server Certificate

Connection Timeout ⓘ

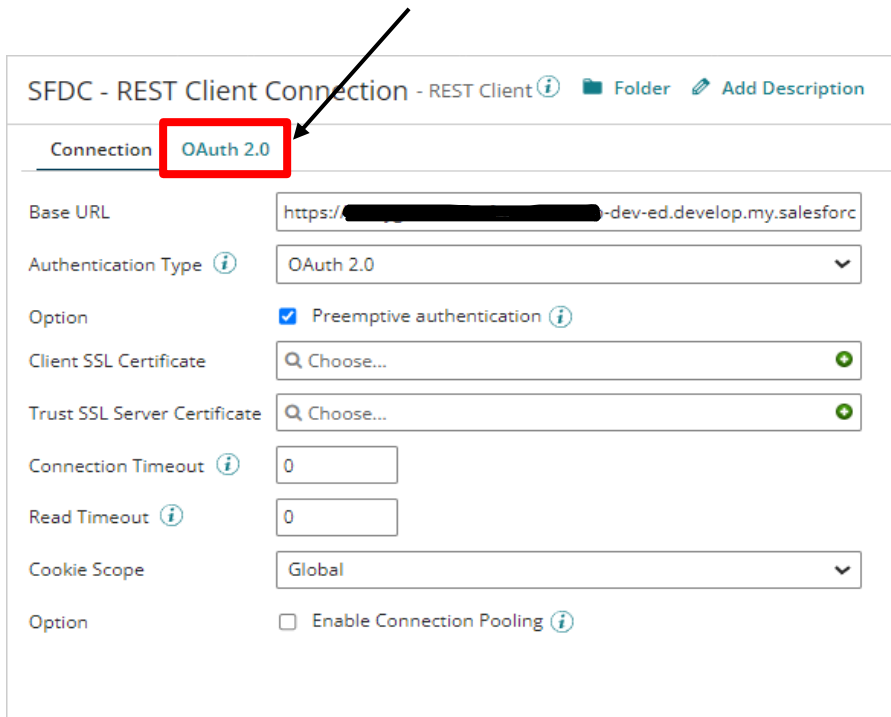
Read Timeout ⓘ

Cookie Scope

Option Enable Connection Pooling ⓘ

Base URL from Salesforce

Step 13: Click on the OAuth 2.0 tab



SFDC - REST Client Connection - REST Client ⓘ Folder Add Description

Connection **OAuth 2.0**

Base URL

Authentication Type ⓘ

Option Preemptive authentication ⓘ

Client SSL Certificate

Trust SSL Server Certificate

Connection Timeout ⓘ

Read Timeout ⓘ

Cookie Scope

Option Enable Connection Pooling ⓘ

- **Connection Timeout**

The maximum wait is in milliseconds to establish a connection to a service. A value less than or equal to zero means that the process will wait indefinitely until a connection to the service is made.

- **Read Timeout**

The maximum wait in milliseconds to return all of the data from a service. A value less than or equal to zero means that the process will wait indefinitely until all of the data has been returned from the service.

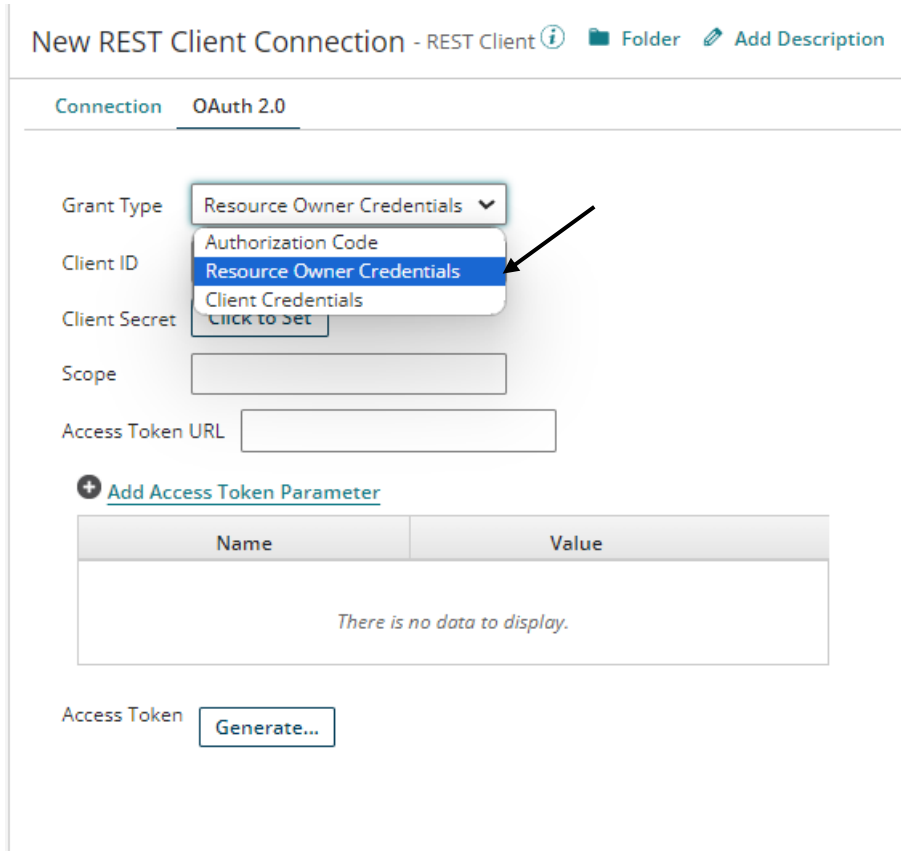
- **Enable Connection Pooling**

If selected, connection pooling is enabled and connections can be reused when future requests are required. Connection pools may increase performance by using resources more efficiently.

- **Cookie Scope**

- **Global** — cookies are shared in all processes throughout the Atom JVM life cycle. This is the default.
- **Connector Shape** — cookies are isolated and shared only for the duration of the Connector Shape execution.
- **Ignored** — cookies are discarded, even if they are requested by the server.

Step 14: Select the Grant type Resource Owner Credentials



New REST Client Connection - REST Client ⓘ Folder Add Description

Connection OAuth 2.0

Grant Type Resource Owner Credentials ▾

Client ID Authorization Code
Resource Owner Credentials
Client Credentials

Client Secret Click to Set

Scope

Access Token URL

+ Add Access Token Parameter

Name	Value
There is no data to display.	

Access Token Generate...

- **Grant Type**

- **Authorization Code** — The standard, 3-Legged OAuth2 authorization where you grant the client an authorization code that can be exchanged for an access token.
- **Resource Owner Credentials** — Requires username and password
- **Client Credentials** — Uses client credentials to retrieve an access token directly instead of asking for user authorization. This authorization is typically used for administration tasks specific to a client.

Client ID: The client ID is obtained from the application.

Client Secret: The client secret is obtained from the application.

Authorization Token URL (Authorization Code): The endpoint URL to use to obtain an authorization token.

Scope: Add one or more permissions, case-sensitive and separated by a space, to application request URLs. If you change scope permissions, you need to re-authenticate to ensure that all of the requested permissions are granted.

Add Authorization Parameter (Authorization Code): The name and value of extensible endpoint parameters (Optional).

Access Token URL: The endpoint address provided by the application to make API requests.

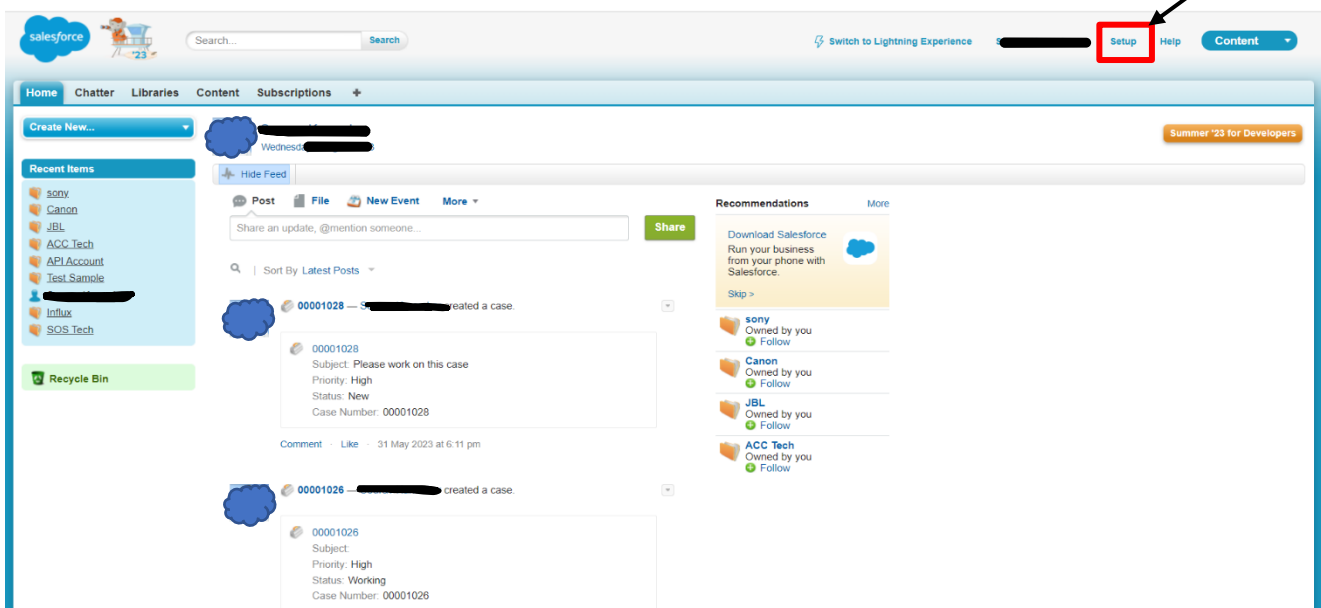
Add Access Token Parameter: The name and value of additional or custom token parameters required by your application (Optional).

Access Token (Authorization Code, Resource Owner Credentials): The encrypted access token retrieved from the application that is used to access protected resources.

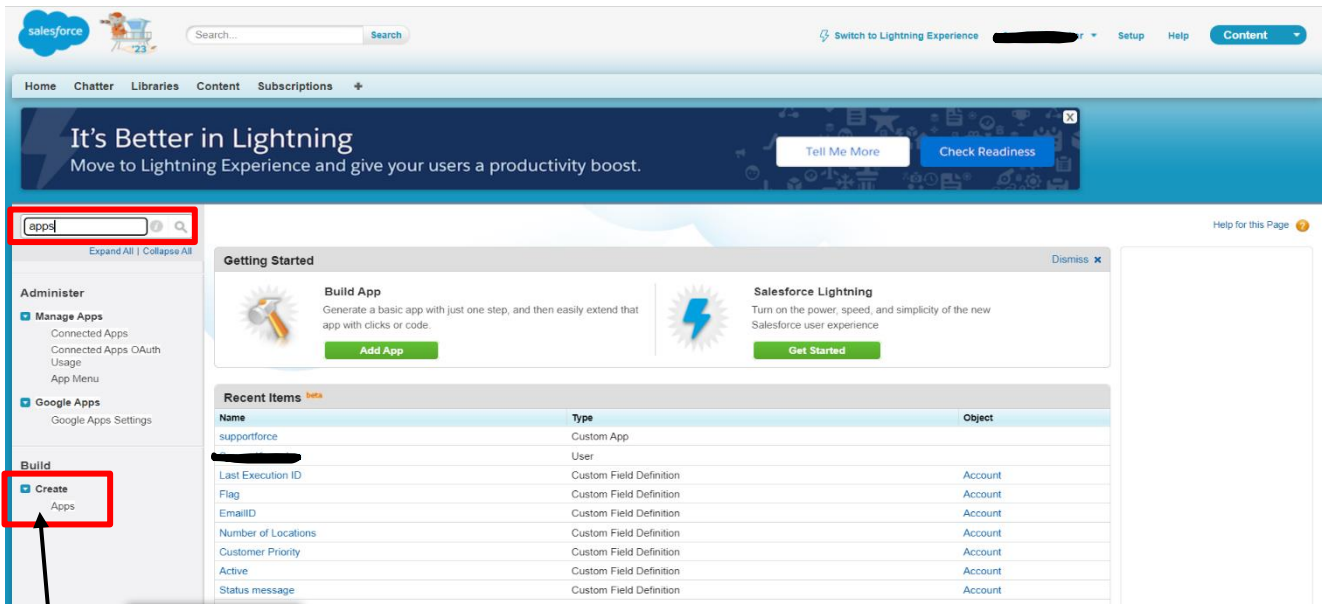
Generate (Authorization Code, Resource Owner Credentials): Click to generate the access and refresh tokens. When a new window opens asking you to confirm offline access, click Accept. A second message indicates the access token was received and successfully generated.

To use Salesforce APIs, we need to generate a Client ID and Client Secret

Step 15: Click on Setup to Create a Connected App in Salesforce

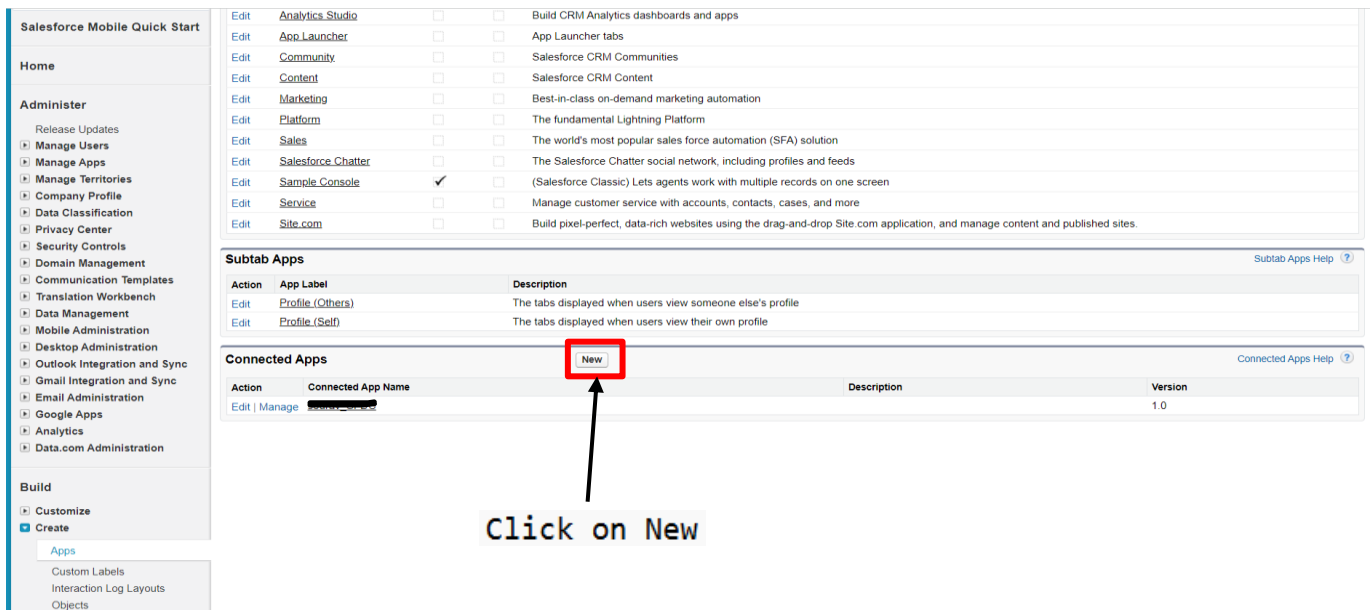


Step 16: Search Apps in the quick search box



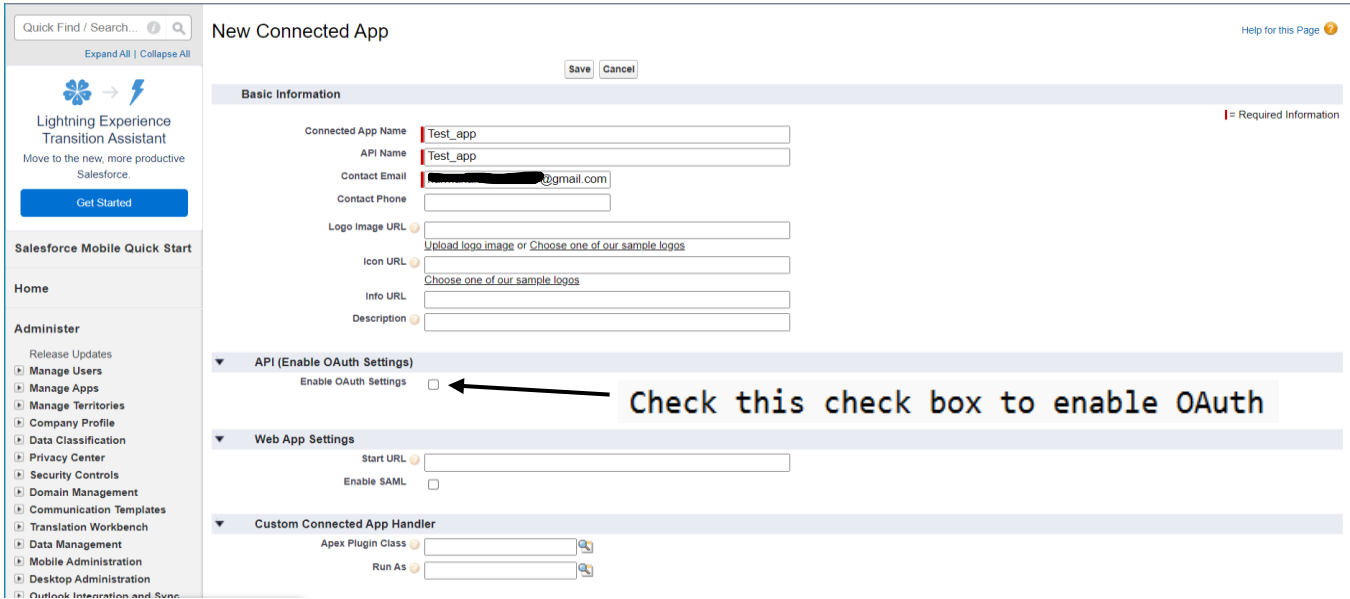
Click on Apps

Step 17: Create a new Connected App



Click on New

Step 18: Fill the required fields to Configure the Connected App



Quick Find / Search... Help for this Page

Expand All | Collapse All

Lightning Experience Transition Assistant
Move to the new, more productive Salesforce.
[Get Started](#)

Salesforce Mobile Quick Start

Home

Administer

- Release Updates
- Manage Users
- Manage Apps
- Manage Territories
- Company Profile
- Data Classification
- Privacy Center
- Security Controls
- Domain Management
- Communication Templates
- Translation Workbench
- Data Management
- Mobile Administration
- Desktop Administration
- Outlook Integration and Sync

New Connected App Save Cancel

Basic Information Required Information

Connected App Name

API Name

Contact Email

Contact Phone

Logo Image URL

Icon URL

Info URL

Description

API (Enable OAuth Settings)

Enable OAuth Settings **Check this check box to enable OAuth**

Web App Settings

Start URL

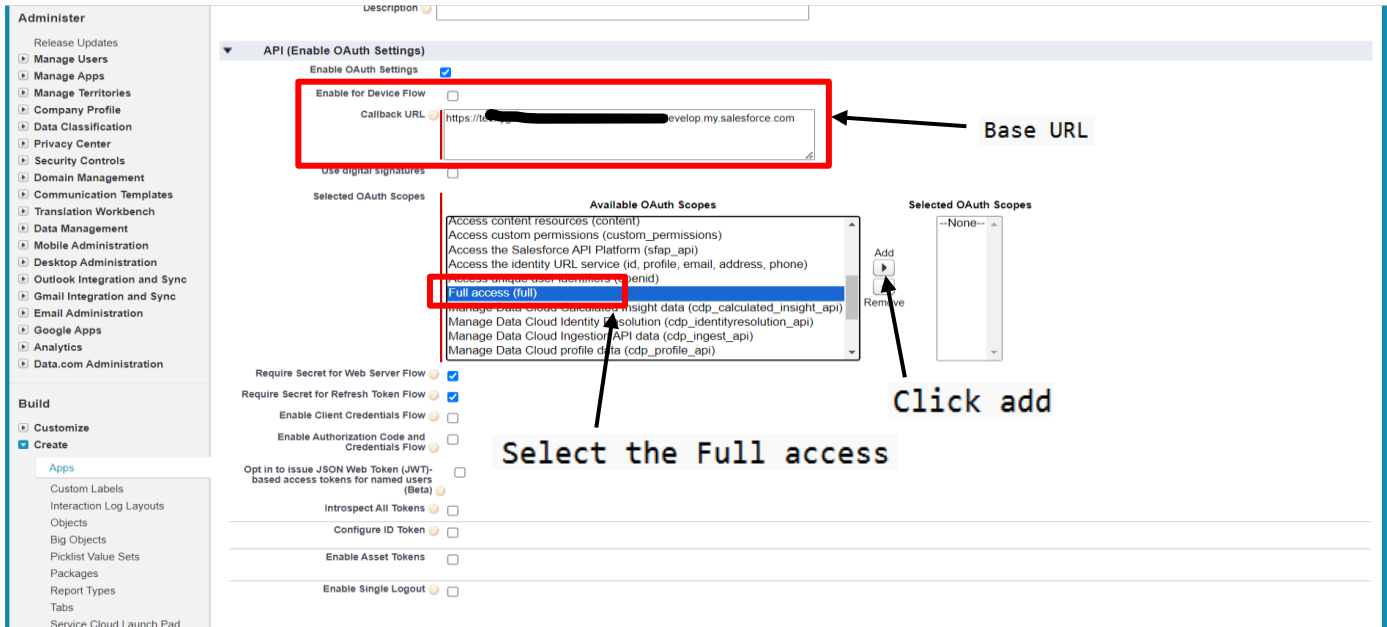
Enable SAML

Custom Connected App Handler

Apex Plugin Class

Run As

Step 19: Give the Callback URL and OAuth Scopes



Administer

- Release Updates
- Manage Users
- Manage Apps
- Manage Territories
- Company Profile
- Data Classification
- Privacy Center
- Security Controls
- Domain Management
- Communication Templates
- Translation Workbench
- Data Management
- Mobile Administration
- Desktop Administration
- Outlook Integration and Sync
- Gmail Integration and Sync
- Email Administration
- Google Apps
- Analytics
- Data.com Administration

Build

- Customize
- Create
- Apps
- Custom Labels
- Interaction Log Layouts
- Objects
- Big Objects
- Picklist Value Sets
- Packages
- Report Types
- Tags
- Service Cloud Launch Pad

API (Enable OAuth Settings)

Enable OAuth Settings

Enable for Device Flow

Callback URL **Base URL**

Use digital signatures

Selected OAuth Scopes

Available OAuth Scopes

- Access content resources (content)
- Access custom permissions (custom_permissions)
- Access the Salesforce API Platform (sfap_api)
- Access the identity URL service (id, profile, email, address, phone)
- Access the user information (userinfo)
- Full access (full)**
- Manage Data Cloud Calculated Insight data (cdp_calculated_insight_api)
- Manage Data Cloud Identity Resolution (cdp_identityresolution_api)
- Manage Data Cloud Ingestion API data (cdp_ingest_api)
- Manage Data Cloud profile data (cdp_profile_api)

Selected OAuth Scopes

None--

Click add

Require Secret for Web Server Flow

Require Secret for Refresh Token Flow

Enable Client Credentials Flow

Enable Authorization Code and Credentials Flow

Opt in to issue JSON Web Token (JWT)-based access tokens for named users (Beta)

Inspect All Tokens

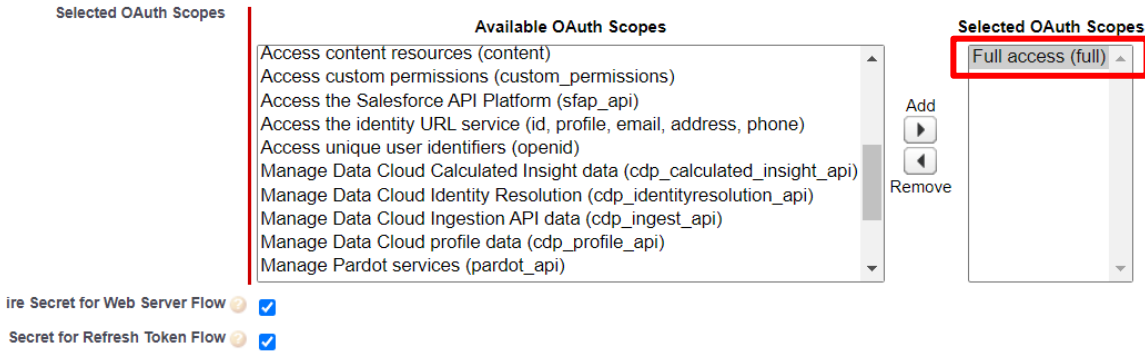
Configure ID Token

Enable Asset Tokens

Enable Single Logout

Select the Full access

Step 20: Add the Scope



Selected OAuth Scopes

Available OAuth Scopes

- Access content resources (content)
- Access custom permissions (custom_permissions)
- Access the Salesforce API Platform (sfap_api)
- Access the identity URL service (id, profile, email, address, phone)
- Access unique user identifiers (openid)
- Manage Data Cloud Calculated Insight data (cdp_calculated_insight_api)
- Manage Data Cloud Identity Resolution (cdp_identityresolution_api)
- Manage Data Cloud Ingestion API data (cdp_ingest_api)
- Manage Data Cloud profile data (cdp_profile_api)
- Manage Pardot services (pardot_api)

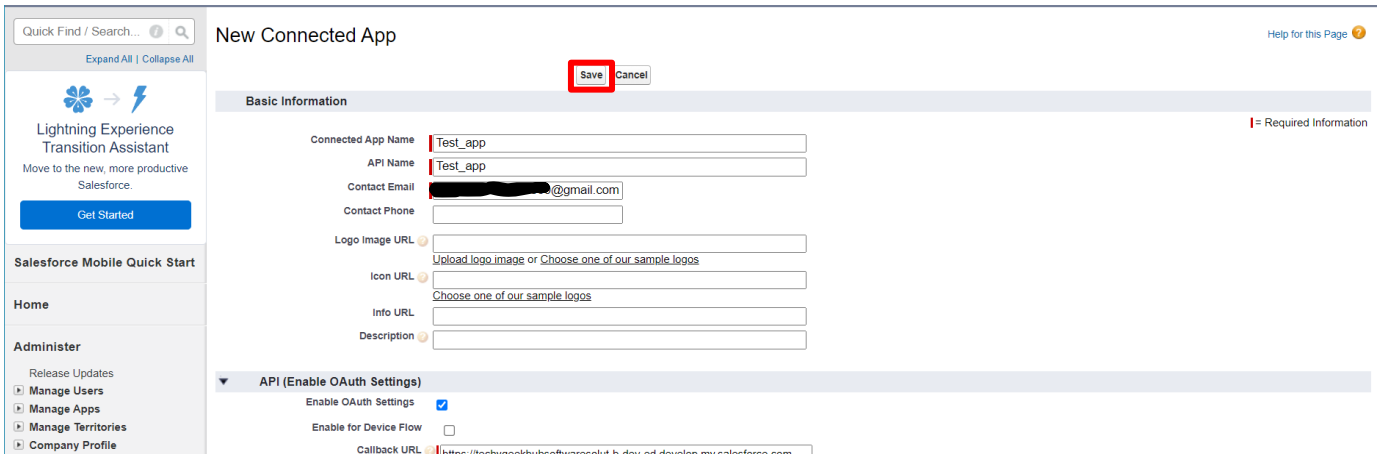
Selected OAuth Scopes

- Full access (full)

Require Secret for Web Server Flow

Secret for Refresh Token Flow

Step 21: Click on save



Quick Find / Search...

Expand All | Collapse All

Lightning Experience Transition Assistant

Move to the new, more productive Salesforce.

Get Started

Salesforce Mobile Quick Start

Home

Administer

- Release Updates
- Manage Users
- Manage Apps
- Manage Territories
- Company Profile

New Connected App

Help for this Page

Save cancel

Basic Information

Connected App Name

API Name

Contact Email

Contact Phone

Logo Image URL

Icon URL

Info URL

Description

API (Enable OAuth Settings)

Enable OAuth Settings

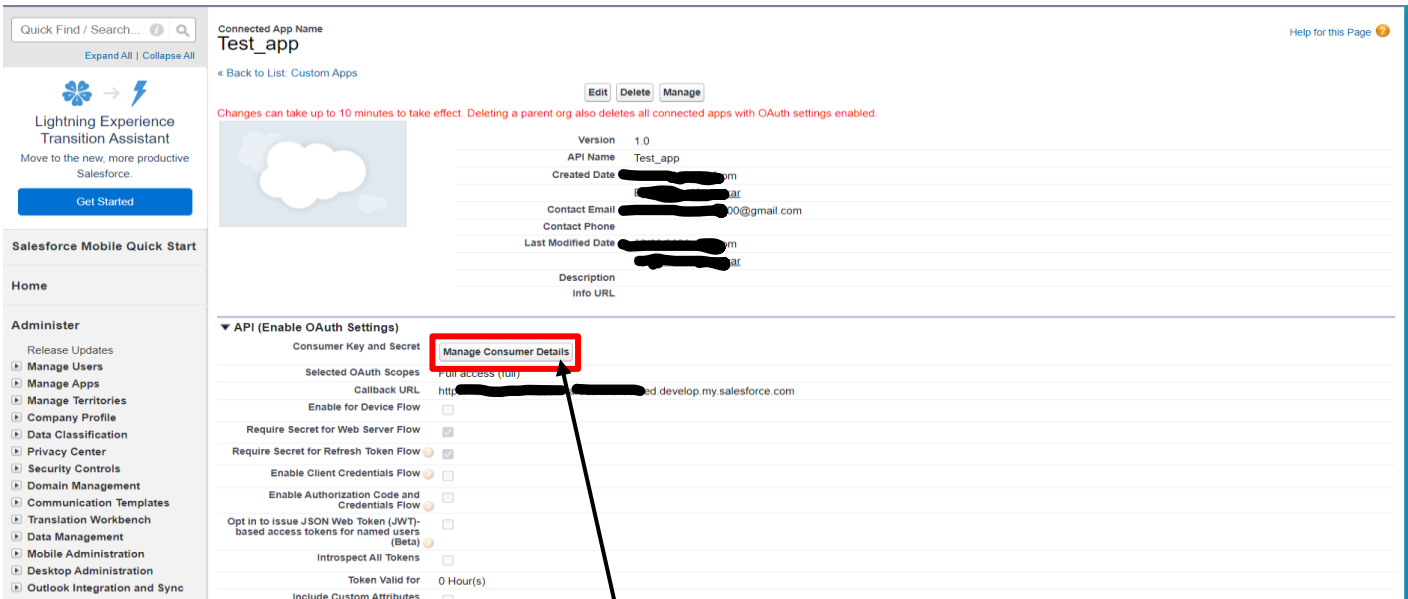
Enable for Device Flow

Callback URL

Required Information

Note: Some time it takes 10 minutes to take effect

Step 22: Click on Manage Customer Details



Quick Find / Search... Help for this Page

Connected App Name
Test_app

« Back to List: Custom Apps

Lightning Experience Transition Assistant
Move to the new, more productive Salesforce.
[Get Started](#)

Salesforce Mobile Quick Start

Home

Administer

- Release Updates
- Manage Users
- Manage Apps
- Manage Territories
- Company Profile
- Data Classification
- Privacy Center
- Security Controls
- Domain Management
- Communication Templates
- Translation Workbench
- Data Management
- Mobile Administration
- Desktop Administration
- Outlook Integration and Sync

Version 1.0
API Name Test_app
Created Date [Redacted] gm
Contact Email [Redacted] 00@gmail.com
Contact Phone [Redacted] at
Last Modified Date [Redacted] gm
Description Info URL

Changes can take up to 10 minutes to take effect. Deleting a parent org also deletes all connected apps with OAuth settings enabled.

API (Enable OAuth Settings)

Consumer Key and Secret **Manage Consumer Details**

Selected OAuth Scopes Full Access (Full)

Callback URL http://[Redacted]develop.my.salesforce.com

Enable for Device Flow

Require Secret for Web Server Flow

Require Secret for Refresh Token Flow

Enable Client Credentials Flow

Enable Authorization Code and Credentials Flow

Opt in to issue JSON Web Token (JWT)-based access tokens for named users (Beta)

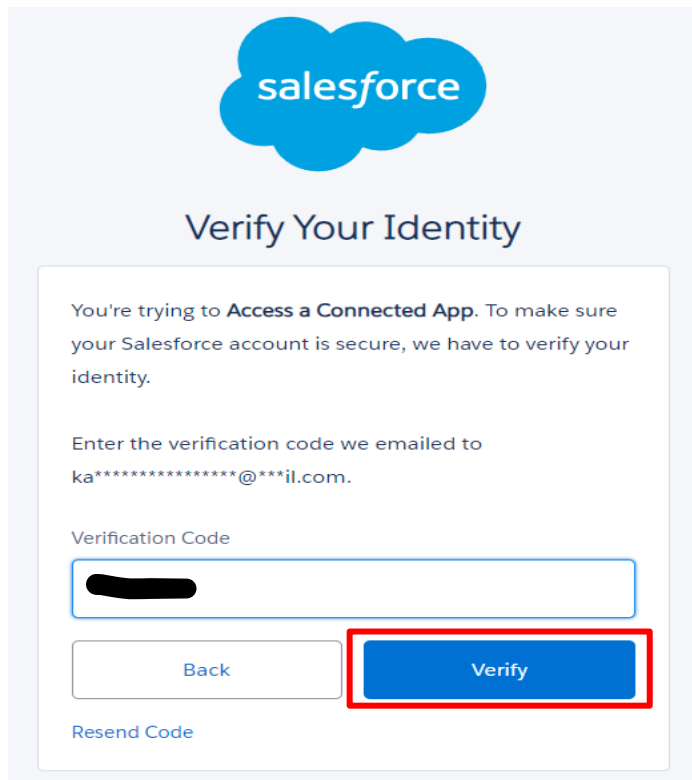
Introspect All Tokens

Token Valid for 0 Hour(s)

Include Custom Attributes

- Click this Manage Customer Details Button to generate a Client ID and Client secret.
- One mail will be sent by Salesforce with the verification code to the mail ID that we give at the time of configuring the connected app.

Step 23: Give the 4-digit Verification Code and click Verify



salesforce

Verify Your Identity

You're trying to **Access a Connected App**. To make sure your Salesforce account is secure, we have to verify your identity.

Enter the verification code we emailed to ka*****@***il.com.

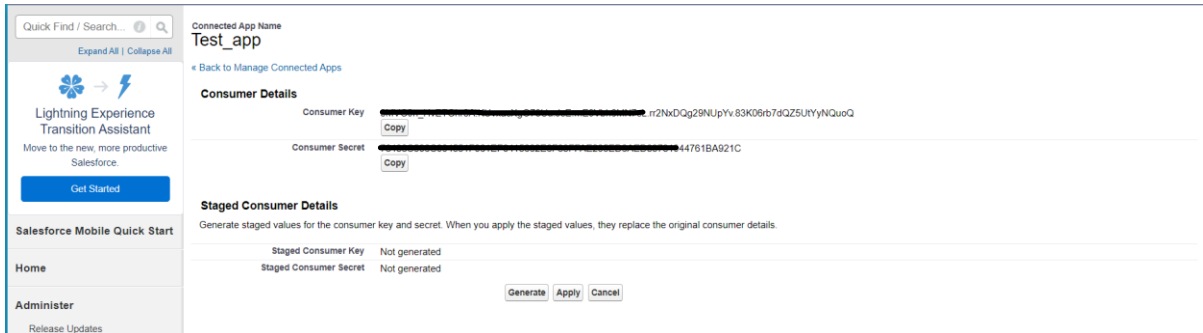
Verification Code

[Redacted]

[Back](#) [Verify](#)

[Resend Code](#)

Step 24: Copy the Consumer Key and Consumer Secret



The screenshot shows the 'Consumer Details' section of a Salesforce Connected App. It displays the 'Consumer Key' and 'Consumer Secret', both of which are redacted with black bars. Below each redacted field is a 'Copy' button. The 'Staged Consumer Details' section shows 'Staged Consumer Key' and 'Staged Consumer Secret' as 'Not generated'. At the bottom of this section are 'Generate', 'Apply', and 'Cancel' buttons.

- Consumer Key = Client ID
- Consumer Secret = Client Secret

Step 25: Give the Client ID, Client Secret, and Access Token URL

SFDC - REST Client Connection - REST Client ⓘ Folder Add Description

Connection OAuth 2.0

Grant Type

Client ID

Client Secret

Scope

Access Token URL

+ Add Access Token Parameter

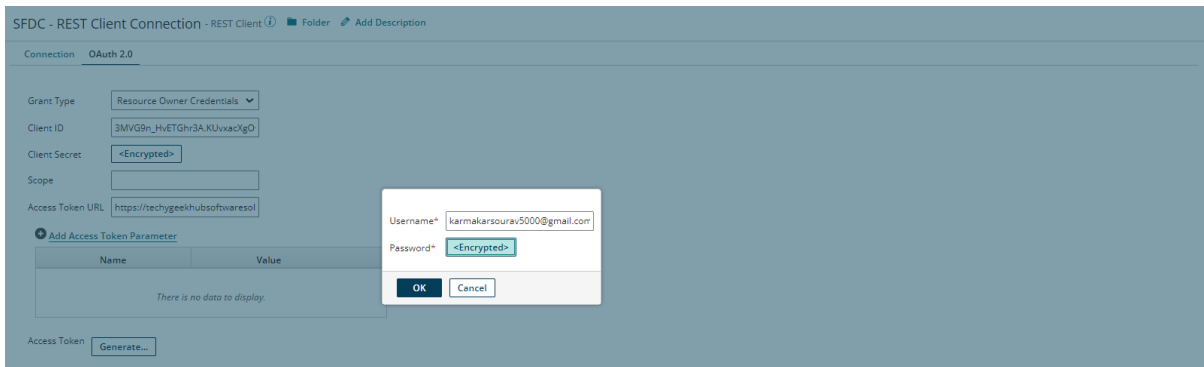
Name	Value
There is no data to display.	

Access Token

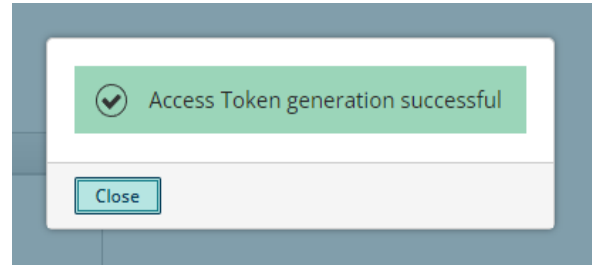
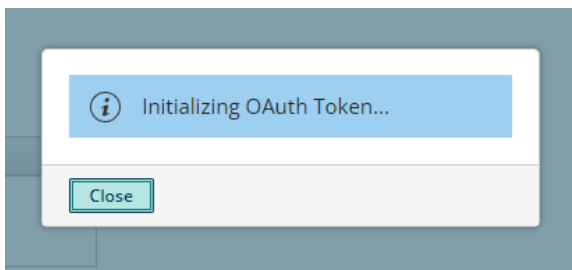
After filling in all the details click this Generate button

Access Token URL: Base URL + /services/oauth2/token

Step 26: Give Salesforce Username and Password (SFDC Password+token)



If every detail is right then Access Token will get generate



Access Token

We are able to establish a connection with Salesforce now we need an operation

Step 27: Create an operation and choose the action as POST

Connector Shape ⓘ

Use connector shapes to get data into and out of a process. Most processes have one "get" connector and one or more "send" connectors. The Connector shape uses a combination of predefined connection and operation components to establish where and how to get or send data.

General Parameters Dynamic Operation Properties


Display Name

Connector ⓘ REST Client ▼

Use the REST Client connector to connect to any service utilizing a REST API. With this connector, you can extract and exchange data with HTTP-enabled servers using the Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP) and Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS)...
Learn more about [this connector](#). ↗

Connection ⓘ ✎ ✕

Action ▼

Operation ⓘ ⊕ 

Step 28: Give the Resource URL and Content-Type

SFDC - REST Client Operation POST - REST Client Operation ⓘ Folder Add Description

Options Archiving Tracking Caching

Connector Action ▼

Object

Request Profile Unstructured

Response Profile Unstructured

Tracking Direction ⓘ Input Documents Output Documents

Error Behavior Return Application Error Responses ⓘ

Follow Redirects ▼

Path ⓘ **Resource URL**

Query Parameters ⓘ

Key	Value	Encrypt Value	Remove
No custom properties are defined.			

⊕ Add Property

Request Headers

Key	Value	Encrypt Value	Remove
<input type="text" value="Content-Type"/>	<input type="text" value="application/json"/>	<input type="text" value="Encrypt"/>	🗑️

⊕ Add Property

- First, we need to create a job to get the records from Salesforce. And after this API call, we will get a job ID, we need that ID to fetch records from Salesforce.

Path: services/data/v57.0/jobs/query

We need to add a property to give a Content-Type as application/json. The values are static.

Step 29: Use a Message shape to pass a request file to the API

The screenshot shows a process flow with three steps: 'Start - No Data', 'Request payload for full load', and 'REST Client SFDC - REST Client Connection SFDC - REST Client Operation POST'. The 'Message Shape' configuration window is open, showing the following JSON payload:

```
{
  "operation": "queryAll",
  "query": "SELECT Id,AccountNumber,Name FROM Account",
  "contentType": "CSV",
  "columnDelimiter": "COMMA",
  "lineEnding": "CRLF"
}
```

```
{
  "operation" : "queryAll",
  "query" : "SELECT Id,AccountNumber,Name FROM Account",
  "contentType" : "CSV",
  "columnDelimiter" : "COMMA",
  "lineEnding" : "CRLF"
}
```

We need ID, Account Number, and Name. If we need more fields, we can mention them in the query.

Step 30: Use a set property shape to capture the job ID from the profile element and store it in a Dynamic Process Property

The screenshot shows a process flow with four steps: 'Start - No Data', 'Request payload for full load', 'REST Client SFDC - REST Client Connection SFDC - REST Client Operation POST', and 'Set Properties'. The 'Set Properties Shape' configuration window is open, showing the following mapping:

Properties to Set	Property Value
Dynamic Process Property - BPP_JOBID	JSON Profile - job ID JSON Profile - id (Root/Object/id)

Step 31: Set a DPP to store the job ID

Set Properties Shape [?]

The Set Properties shape allows you to set values for various document and process properties. These properties can be used to set outbound connector attributes such as file name or email subject, or store certain values in memory to facilitate the integration. The property values can be comprised of static and/or dynamic values.

Display Name

Properties to Set Select a property to edit

|

Choose Property

Property Type

Source Type [?]

Connector*

- Document Property
- Dynamic Document Property
- Dynamic Process Property**
- MIME Property
- Process Property

Choose Property

Property Type

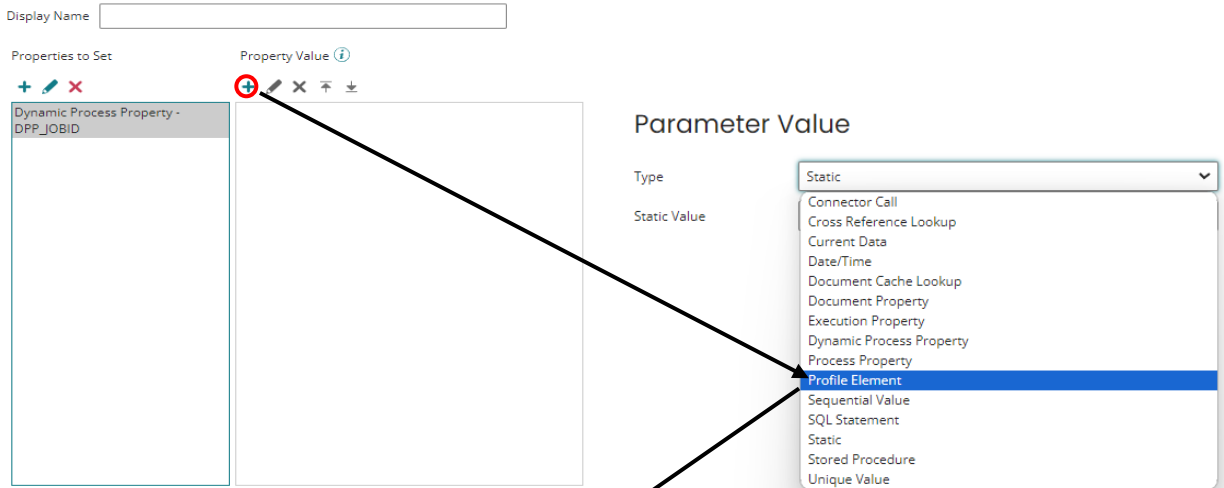
Property Name*

Options Persist this property

Step 32: Set the Parameter Value

Set Properties Shape

The Set Properties shape allows you to set values for various document and process properties. These properties can be used to set outbound connector attributes such as file name or email subject, or store certain values in memory to facilitate the integration. The property values can be comprised of static and/or dynamic values.



Display Name:

Properties to Set: + ✖

Property Value: + ✖ ↕ ↕ ↕

Parameter Value

Type:

Static Value:

- Connector Call
- Cross Reference Lookup
- Current Data
- Date/Time
- Document Cache Lookup
- Document Property
- Execution Property
- Dynamic Process Property
- Process Property
- Profile Element**
- Sequential Value
- SQL Statement
- Static
- Stored Procedure
- Unique Value

Parameter Value



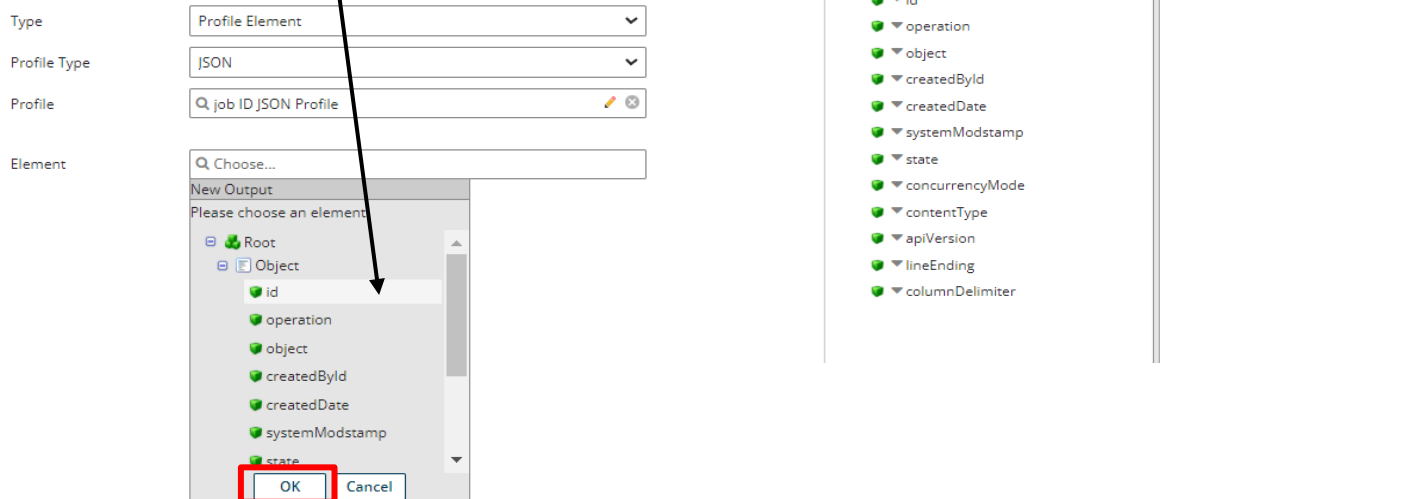
Type:

Profile Type:

Profile:

Element:

Parameter Value



Type:

Profile Type:

Profile:

Element:

New Output

Please choose an element:

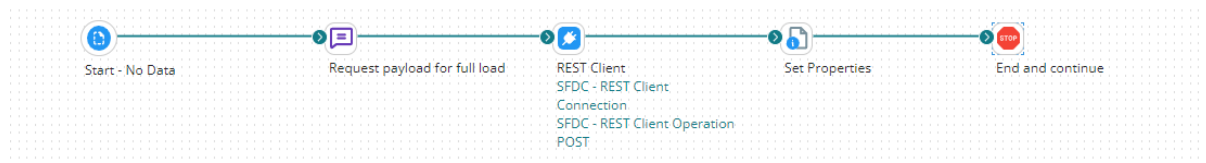
- Root
 - Object
 - id**
 - operation
 - object
 - createdByld
 - createdDate
 - systemModstamp
 - state

job ID JSON Profile - JSON Profile Folder Add Description

Data Elements

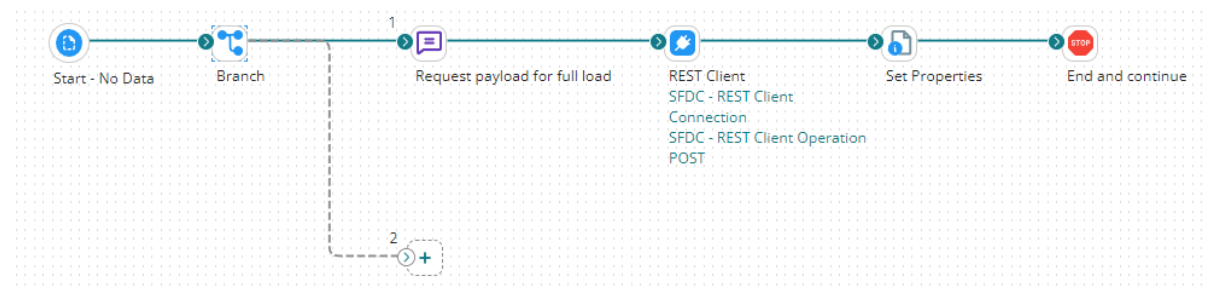
- Root
 - Object
 - id
 - operation
 - object
 - createdByld
 - createdDate
 - systemModstamp
 - state
 - concurrencyMode
 - contentType
 - apiVersion
 - lineEnding
 - columnDelimiter

Step 33: Use a stop shape after the set property shape

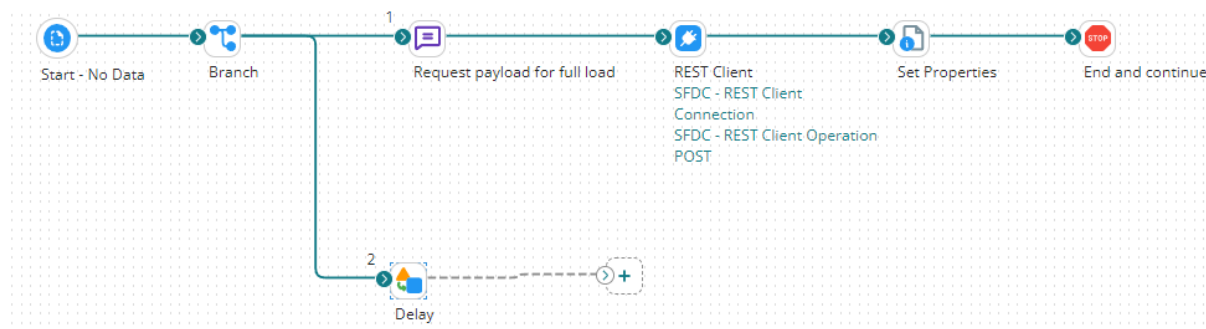


Now we need to get the Records from Salesforce

Step 34: Use a branch shape after the start shape



Step 35: Use a Data Process shape to give some delay to our process



Note: The job takes some time to complete so we use delay. If we don't use delay sometimes the job will not be complete and we won't get the desired output.

Step 36: Choose the Custom Scripting in Data Process Shape

Data Process Shape ?

To manipulate document data with your process, use the Data Process shape. This shape provides multiple options for data manipulation, like splitting or combining documents and zipping or unzipping data. You can add one or more processing steps, which execute according to their sequential order and operate on the data output from the previous processing step.

Display Name

Processing Steps

Data Process Properties ?

Custom Scripting

Step 37: Need to select Inline Script and Language as Groovy 1.5

Data Process Properties ?

Custom Scripting	Processing Step ?	<input type="text" value="Custom Scripting"/>
	Select Script Source	<input type="radio"/> Process Script Component
		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Inline Script
	Language	<input type="text" value="Groovy 1.5"/>
	Inline Script	<pre>import java.util.Properties; import java.io.InputStream; import com.boomi.execution.ExecutionUtil; Thread.sleep(15000); for(int i = 0; i < dataContext.getDataCount(); i++) { InputStream is = dataContext.getStream(i); Properties props = dataContext.getProperties(i); }</pre>
		<input type="button" value="Edit Script"/> <input type="button" value="Create as Component"/>

Step 38: Script

Edit Script

Language: Groovy 1.5 </> T ⚙

```
1 import java.util.Properties;
2 import java.io.InputStream;
3 import com.boomi.execution.ExecutionUtil;
4
5 Thread.sleep(15000);
6
7 for( int i = 0; i < dataContext.getDataCount(); i++ ) {
8     InputStream is = dataContext.getStream(i);
9     Properties props = dataContext.getProperties(i);
10
11     dataContext.storeStream(is, props);
12 }
```

Groovy Guide

All data is referenced from the **dataContext** object, which contains the following methods:

- getDataCount()** - Gets the number of documents that are being processed.
- getStream(int)** - Gets an **InputStream** for a given document index.
- getProperties(int)** - Gets a **Properties** object for a given document index.
- storeStream(InputStream, Properties)** - Stores the data located in the **InputStream** back to the process, along with any **Properties**.

Data should be grabbed by the **getStream(int)** method, manipulated, then stored back to the **dataContext** using **storeStream(InputStream, Properties)**

OK Cancel

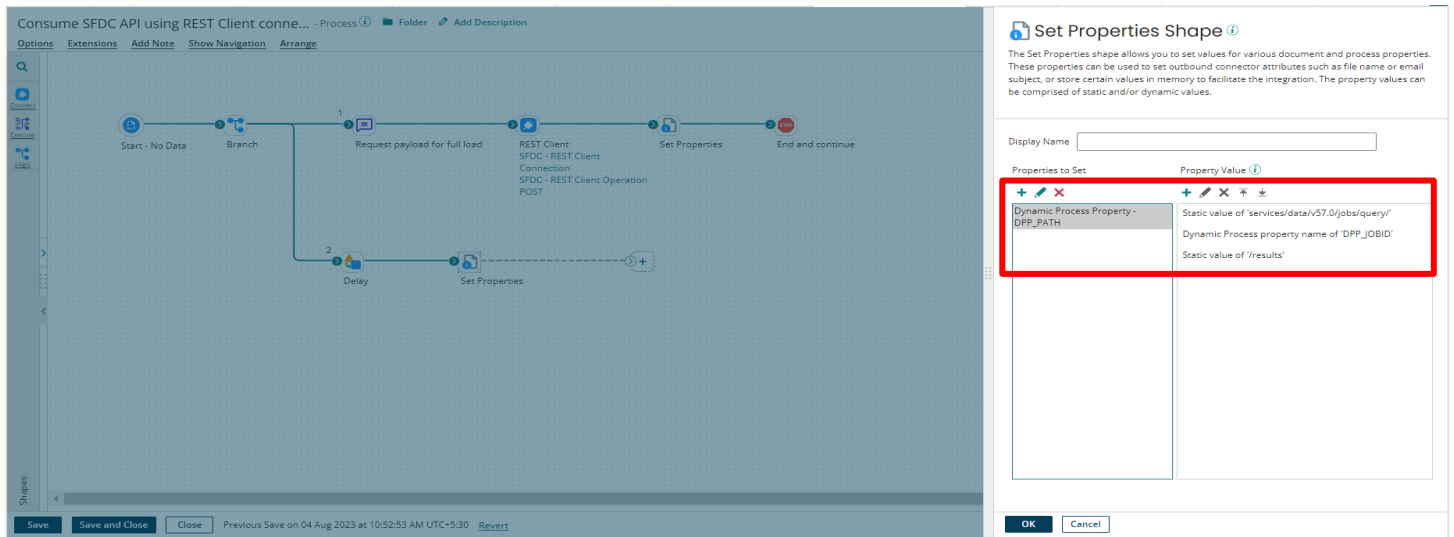
```
import java.util.Properties;
import java.io.InputStream;
import com.boomi.execution.ExecutionUtil;

Thread.sleep(15000);

for( int i = 0; i < dataContext.getDataCount(); i++ ) {
    InputStream is = dataContext.getStream(i);
    Properties props = dataContext.getProperties(i);

    dataContext.storeStream(is, props);
}
```

Step 39: Set a Dynamic process property to create the URL to get the records



Step 40: Set the DPP

Choose Property

Property Type:

Property Name*:

Options: Persist this property

Step 41: Set the Parameter value

1

Parameter Value

Type:

Static Value:

Static value: `services/data/v57.0/jobs/query/`

3

Parameter Value

Type:

Static Value:

Static value: `/results`

2

Parameter Value

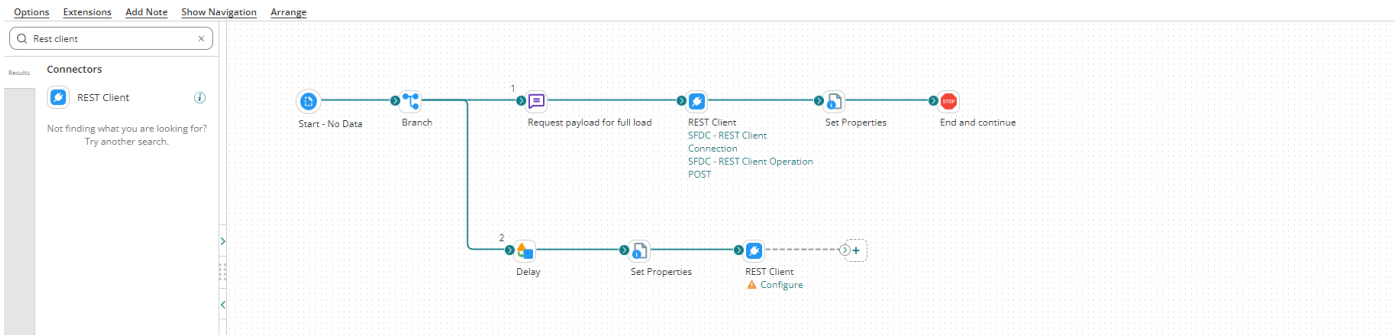
Type:

Property Name:

Default Value:

This is the DPP that we set before to capture the jobID

Step 42: Drag one Rest Client Connector and set it after the Set Property shape



Step 43: Configure the Operation of the Rest Client Connector and the action should be Get also we need to reuse the Connection

Connector Shape

Use connector shapes to get data into and out of a process. Most processes have one "get" connector and one or more "send" connectors. The Connector shape uses a combination of predefined connection and operation components to establish where and how to get or send data.

General Parameters

Display Name:

Connector: REST Client

Use the REST Client connector to connect to any service utilizing a REST API. With this connector, you can extract and exchange data with HTTP-enabled servers using the Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP) and Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS)...
Learn more about this connector.

Connection: SFDC - REST Client Connection

Action: GET

Operation: Choose...

OK Cancel

Get records from SFDC using REST Client C... - REST Client Operation

Options Archiving Tracking Caching

Connector Action: GET

Object: Unstructured

Request Profile: Unstructured

Response Profile: Unstructured

Tracking Direction: Input Documents Output Documents

Error Behavior: Return Application Error Responses

Follow Redirects: None

Path:

This Path should be dynamic, we need to give this value outside the operation

Query Parameters

Key	Value	Encrypt Value	Remove
No custom properties are defined.			

Add Property

Request Headers

Key	Value	Encrypt Value	Remove
Content-Type	application/json	Encrypt	

Add Property

Step 44: Set the path in Dynamic Operation Property

Connector Shape ?

Use connector shapes to get data into and out of a process. Most processes have one "get" connector and one or more "send" connectors. The Connector shape uses a combination of predefined connection and operation components to establish where and how to get or send data.

General Parameters **Dynamic Operation Properties**

Display Name

Connector ? REST Client

Use the REST Client connector to connect to any service utilizing a REST API. With this connector, you can extract and exchange data with HTTP-enabled servers using the Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP) and Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS)...
Learn more about this connector. [↗](#)

Connection ? SFDC - REST Client Connection

Action GET

Operation ? Get records from SFDC using REST Client Connector Ope

Connector Shape ?

Use connector shapes to get data into and out of a process. Most processes have one "get" connector and one or more "send" connectors. The Connector shape uses a combination of predefined connection and operation components to establish where and how to get or send data.

General Parameters **Dynamic Operation Properties**

Dynamic operation properties are document level overrides you define values for and pass into the connector shape to modify an operation component's default values. These values only affect this shape's operation.

Dynamic Operation Properties

No dynamic operation properties are defined.

[+ Add Dynamic Operation Property](#)

Dynamic Operation Property

Some connectors enable you to define dynamic operation properties, which are document-level overrides that you define values for, and pass them into the Connector shape to override the operation component's default value. The Connector Shape dialog's Dynamic Operation Properties tab allows you to provide static values or document-level values (Document Property) for the parameters. You can add, edit, and delete the parameters. The dynamic operation property values defined only affect the specific shape's operation that is selected on the General tab.

Parameter Value

Input Path

Type Dynamic Process Property

Property Name DPP_PATH

Default Value

Select Input as Path
Type as Dynamic Process Property
Property Name as DPP_PATH

Connector Shape ?

Use connector shapes to get data into and out of a process. Most processes have one "get" connector and one or more "send" connectors. The Connector shape uses a combination of predefined connection and operation components to establish where and how to get or send data.

General Parameters **Dynamic Operation Properties**

Dynamic operation properties are document level overrides you define values for and pass into the connector shape to modify an operation component's default values. These values only affect this shape's operation.

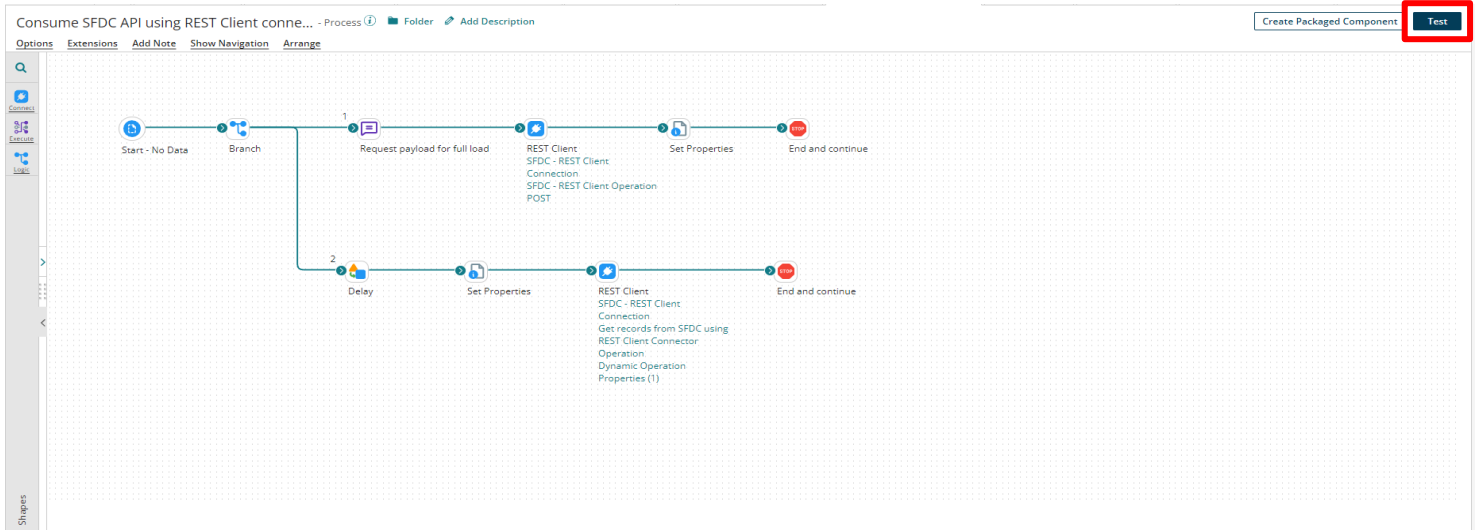
Dynamic Operation Properties

Path - Dynamic Process property name of 'DPP_PATH'

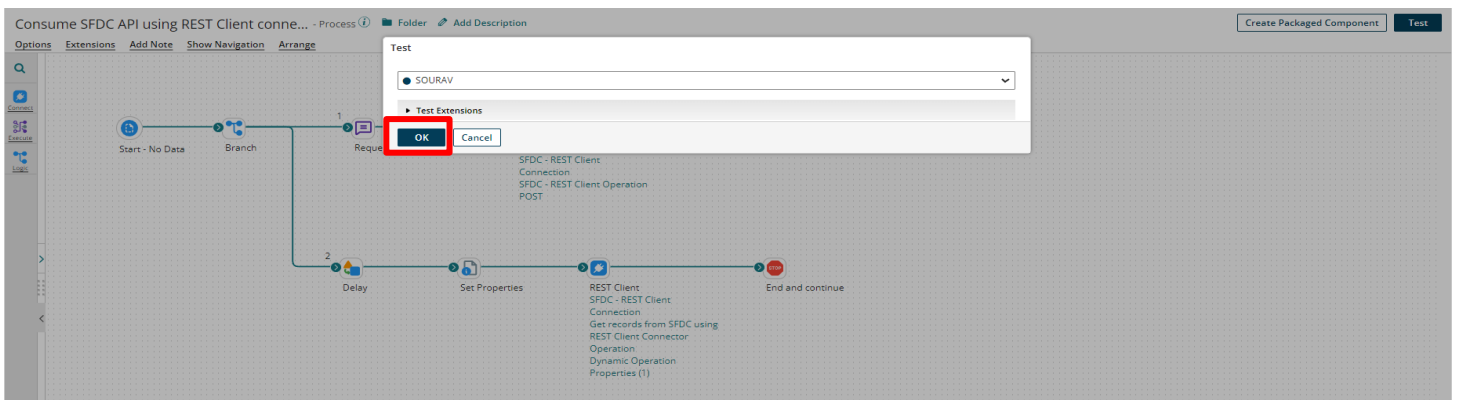
[+ Add Dynamic Operation Property](#)

OK Cancel

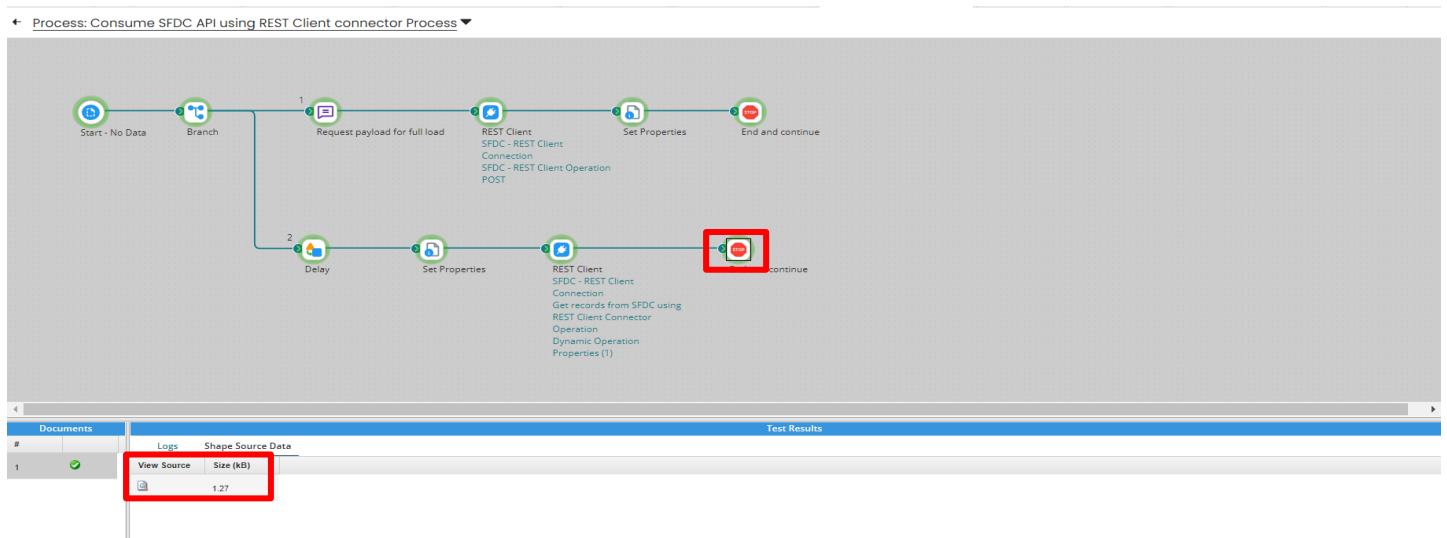
Step 45: Attach a stop shape at the end and click on the test button to test the process



Step 46: Select the Atom and click OK to test the process



Step 47: Go to the stop shape and Shape Source Data and see the response





TGH

Making Integrations Simpler

boomi
Partner

b

TGH Software Solutions Pvt. Ltd.

www.techygeekhub.com

At TGH, we specialize in driving digital transformation through seamless Integration Technologies.

Operating as an INTEGRATION FACTORY, we serve as a one-stop shop for all your integration needs. Our expert team is well-versed in enterprise software and legacy system integration, along with leading iPaaS technologies like Boomi, MuleSoft, Workato, OIC, and more.

We're committed to enhancing business processes and solving problems through our integration expertise.



Email address

connect@techygeekhub.com



Phone number

+ 011-40071137
+ 91-8810610395



Our offices

Noida Office

iThum
Plot No -40, Tower A,
Office No: 712,
Sector-62, Noida,
Uttar Pradesh, 201301

Hyderabad Office

Plot no: 6/3, 5th Floor,
Techno Pearl Building,
HUDA Techno Enclave,
HITEC City, Hyderabad,
Telangana 500081



SOURAV KARMAKAR © 2023